

**State of Alaska
FY2009 Governor's Operating Budget**

**Department of Public Safety
Alaska State Trooper Detachments
Component Budget Summary**

Component: Alaska State Trooper Detachments

Contribution to Department's Mission

Preserve public peace; protect life, property, and resources.

Core Services

The Division of Alaska State Troopers (AST) provides primary public safety services to most of the geographic area of the state, and limited service in all areas of the state including those served by a local law enforcement entity.

AST has five distinct geographical regions, known as detachments. "A" Detachment covers Southeast Alaska with the headquarters located in Ketchikan and posts in Haines, Juneau, Klawock, and Petersburg. "B" Detachment encompasses Southcentral Alaska with headquarters located in Palmer and posts in Mat-Su West, Glennallen, and Talkeetna. "C" Detachment covers Western Alaska and the Aleutian Chain with headquarters located in Anchorage and posts in Aniak, Bethel, Dillingham, Emmonak, Iliamna, King Salmon, Kodiak, Kotzebue, McGrath, Nome, St. Mary's, and Unalakleet. "D" Detachment covers Northern Alaska with headquarters in Fairbanks and posts in Cantwell, Delta Junction, Galena, Healy, Nenana, Northway, and Tok. "E" Detachment covers the Kenai Peninsula with headquarters in Soldotna and posts in Cooper Landing, Girdwood, Anchor Point, Ninilchik, and Seward.

While many municipalities across the state have elected to provide local police service, AST is the only agency in the state statutorily mandated to provide police services. Those services include:

- Criminal law enforcement and investigation – AST responds to all levels of criminal law violations reported to them or discovered by them. The occurrences are investigated and presented to the Department of Law for prosecution when sufficient evidence is documented to identify persons responsible. AST investigates criminal violations at all levels of complexity, from the simplest vandalism to the most complex homicides; fraud cases; and complex drug and alcohol investigations. To provide those services, state troopers must maintain expertise in all aspects of criminal investigation. AST investigators often provide service to municipalities with a local police department who have limited resources or expertise in some areas of criminal investigation.
- Traffic law enforcement and investigation – AST provides active traffic law enforcement and traffic collision investigation throughout many parts of the state, including all major state highways, as well as in rural areas. In addition to providing these services in the primary areas of responsibility, state troopers provide technical crash investigation expertise and support to many local law enforcement agencies across the state. Traffic law enforcement includes enforcement of traditional motor vehicle laws as well as aircraft, watercraft, snow machine, and off-road recreational vehicle laws.
- Search and rescue – AST is the only agency in the state statutorily mandated to provide search and rescue operations for lost, missing, and deceased persons. Unlike criminal and traffic law enforcement, and investigations where AST provides some technical expertise and support to areas with local police departments, search and rescue services are the responsibility of the Department of Public Safety regardless of location. In this particular area, the roles are somewhat reversed. AST receives some assistance from local agencies, but is responsible for the function even in municipalities. Search and rescue services include response to rescue situations, conducting search operations, coordinating various agencies and private persons involved in search efforts, funding aircraft for search missions, providing logistical support and technical expertise in the various aspects of search and rescue such as search management and planning, resource utilization, and the training of volunteer resources.
- Court services – As with the search and rescue function, AST is statutorily mandated to provide service to the Alaska Court System throughout the state. Court services include courtroom and court facility security, transporting and guarding prisoners, serving the numerous and varying types of court process, and carrying out the general needs of the courts. The major courts in the state are served by a combination of state troopers and court services officers while state troopers alone serve the other areas. AST has reached contractual arrangements with some local police agencies to provide limited court services that generally do not include process service.

FY2009 Resources Allocated to Achieve Results

FY2009 Component Budget: \$44,565,900	Personnel:	
	Full time	303
	Part time	0
	Total	303

Key Component Challenges

CORE POLICE SERVICES - As Alaska's population continues to grow, requests for services have increased. Alcohol and drug involvement in crime remains a significant challenge. Technological changes and sophistication allow new criminal exploitations of the populace, including identity theft, child pornography and online child sexual exploitation, and computer fraud schemes. Terroristic threats to infrastructure require greater patrols, more response planning, and more efforts aimed toward public reassurance. Exposure of political corruption requires careful, time-consuming, and highly controversial investigations. Proactive enforcement such as highway traffic patrols, burglary suppression and community policing have been forced to a lower priority and are seldom accomplished. The contrast between the actual capabilities and resources of AST and the beliefs and expectation of the public requires significant staff time dedicated to explanation. AST's technology base lags far behind other police and public service organizations in all these areas.

RECRUITMENT – Recruitment and retention continues to be a significant challenge for the Alaska State Troopers and law enforcement agencies nation-wide. Although the recruitment unit has been successful attracting applicants, attracting *quality* applicants is especially challenging when competing with other agencies in and out of Alaska. The requirement that troopers be willing to transfer to rural locations where housing and amenities are limited creates recruiting challenges not faced by any other police agencies in the state. The starting wage for trooper recruits is significantly less than for a new Anchorage Police Department officer.

COURT SECURITY – While the number of court services officers (CSOs) located around the state has been increased in recent years, the number is still marginally adequate to properly handle increased court security concerns, move prisoners, and serve court writs. The number of prisoner moves is steadily increasing each year. Over the last three fiscal years alone, the number of prisoner moves has increased approximately 4 percent in FY2004, 7.2 percent in FY 2005, 6.9 percent in FY2006 and 4.0 percent in FY2007.

RAPE AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE – Alaska's rates of forcible rape is 2.5 times the national average. Rates of domestic violence are among the highest in the nation. The rates of victimization of Alaska Native women, particularly in rural Alaska, are even greater.

TERRORISM AND WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION – The Alaska State Troopers continue to staff and supervise the statewide Criminal Intelligence Unit located at the Anchorage Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) office. Additionally, AST remains actively involved in contingency planning and preparedness issues in concert with other government agencies, as well as with private industry. AST has devoted a position to serve as the department's liaison with the Department of Military and Veteran Affairs, Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management.

SPECIAL EVENTS – During the past year, every detachment conducted numerous special patrol activities. Those activities include: construction zone traffic enforcement for the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities; Big Lake boat patrols with the U.S. Coast Guard; an extensive and on-going seatbelt enforcement program; increased law enforcement presence at the Talkeetna and Anderson Bluegrass Festivals, search and rescue standby and traffic enforcement at the Arctic Man snow machine races near Paxson, Seward's Mt. Marathon foot race, Girdwood's Forest Fair, the Palmer State Fair; high school graduation parties near population centers; and a multi-agency spring bear hunting enforcement program throughout southeast Alaska. During FY2007, AST worked 4,757 hours of federally funded overtime primarily targeted at DUI and seatbelt enforcement. These overtime hours resulted in 144 DUI arrests, 477 arrests were made for other offenses, and 5,561 uniform traffic citations were issued.

DETACHMENT CHALLENGES –

A Detachment – During the past year, "A" detachment's staffing level has remained generally the same. Yet, there was

an increase of approximately 50,000 cruise ship tourists within southeast Alaska, resulting in a substantial increase in the number of calls for service across the region. Visitor industry data suggests there will be another five percent increase in the numbers of tourists in Southeast Alaska this coming year. The number of fatal aircraft crashes in Southeast during the summer of CY2007 was unprecedented in recent history. Every one of those crashes involved AST to some degree or another. In a number of cases, the remote locations contributed to personnel and resource shortages immediately following the crashes and during the subsequent investigations and victim recoveries.

B Detachment – Continuing personnel turnover associated with the fact that the detachment's main posts, Palmer and Mat-Su, are training grounds for new trooper recruits has meant largely inadequate service to the core areas. As new trooper recruits arrive, more experienced troopers must transfer to rural areas to create space for them. Even when Palmer and Mat-Su Posts are fully staffed, the number of inexperienced troopers is very high. Consequently, most activities are conducted more slowly and many residents complain about delayed responses to calls for service and inadequate investigations (primarily of property crimes). Evidence shows that even if every position in Palmer and Mat-Su Posts were filled with experienced troopers, there would be far too few troopers there. Even at its two rural posts (Glennallen and Talkeetna) where there are more experienced troopers, the detachment struggles to perform its duties in a thorough, professional manner. Overtime use is at a crisis point. Many troopers are forced to work parts of weekends on a regular basis. Another on-going challenge relates to the high number of serious drug-related crime investigations (murders, felony assaults, burglaries, etc.) that are underway at any given time. Drug-related criminal investigations generally are very time-consuming, and time spent on those cases detracts from the detachment's ability to investigate other crimes, preventing any proactive law enforcement work.

C Detachment – The detachment continues to place great emphasis on the Village Public Safety Officer (VPSO) program, and on provision of training for VPSOs, Village Police Officers, and Tribal Police Officers. Troopers have successfully managed many searches and rescues over the year and continue efforts at illegal drug and alcohol interdiction. The limited numbers of troopers in western Alaska means that troopers there, as elsewhere, focus primarily on responding to violent crimes including sexual assault and domestic violence cases, and have little opportunity to conduct proactive village visits.

D Detachment – This detachment shares many of the same challenges as B Detachment insofar as its main post in Fairbanks is one of the division's main training locations. While Fairbanks Post provides law enforcement over a much larger area than the City of Fairbanks, which it abuts, it has comparatively fewer troopers. Long distances and rural roads further reduce the ability of troopers to make timely and thorough responses to crimes. To manage the workload, mandatory overtime is frequently the only resort. On-going deficiencies in state provided housing are a challenge in Cantwell in particular. And finally, in the Fairbanks area, there are increasing connections between the numbers of drug-related crimes perpetrated by criminal gangs, including murders, felony assaults, burglaries, and robberies.

E Detachment – The Kenai Peninsula is where many of Anchorage's residents recreate, during both the summer and winter. The most significant challenges in E Detachment are personnel related, as elsewhere. Highway patrol is inadequately accomplished with consequently high numbers of motorists who greatly exceed the speed limits, drive recklessly or aggressively, or who drive intoxicated. While sporadic enforcement programs have yielded results, they can be sustained for only short periods because they are almost completely supported by overtime. Serious drug-related crimes are on the increase over the Kenai Peninsula. One of the impacts is seen in the increasing numbers of citizens who call to complain regarding delayed responses to calls for service. The ability of detachment management to assign troopers to proactive highway patrol is compromised by the amount of time troopers spend investigating drug-related crimes.

Significant Changes in Results to be Delivered in FY2009

During FY2009, AST anticipates largely similar service delivery, compared to FY2008. AST is aggressively pursuing technologies that will enable it to conduct its duties more efficiently. Purchases in mid-FY2007 of state of the art in-car digital video systems and the acquisition of replacements for out of date radar units will enhance AST's ability to identify and successfully prosecute intoxicated and reckless drivers. The division is also developing a pilot program that would place mobile data computers (MDCs) in a limited number of patrol vehicles. This effort, coupled with another program to acquire an electronic records management system (ERMS), will facilitate the rapid transmittal of police reports, traffic citations, and similar documents to district attorneys, the court system, and the Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV). Ultimately, these combined programs will reduce the amount of "double entry" currently taking place as troopers, AST clerical personnel, the courts, district attorneys' offices, and DMV each key the records into their own systems. These upgrades will take substantial staff time to develop policies and rules of use. They will also require extensive training efforts during the implementation stages.

Major Component Accomplishments in 2007

Public Safety Services – In FY2007, the Alaska State Troopers (AST) accomplished the following:

- Handled more than 123,000 offenses in AST jurisdiction;
- Responded to more than 4,400 motor vehicle collisions;
- Performed over 66,658 transports of prisoners;
- Responded to 721 search and rescue efforts;
- Investigated over 3,869 drug and alcohol importation related crimes;
- Solved 83 percent of the homicides that occurred within AST jurisdiction;
- Served or closed over 9,250 warrants; and
- Served or closed over 31,424 writs.

Major Investigative Cases – AST investigated 12 murders that occurred within AST jurisdiction during FY2007 solving ten for an 83 percent clearance rate. In addition, the unit added 2,833 missing person notices to the statutorily required Missing Persons Clearinghouse used to assist law enforcement when unidentified human remains are found.

Illegal Drug and Alcohol Enforcement – The Illegal Drug and Alcohol Enforcement positions greatly enhanced the readiness of the department's overall methamphetamine eradication efforts. In addition, overtime funds in the grant allowed investigators to actively pursue leads related to drug and illegal alcohol activities, which has helped to increase investigative seizures. Troopers continue to take the lead role in the coordinated effort to investigate and enforce laws concerning drug and alcohol crimes. Interdiction efforts to stem the flow of alcohol to western Alaska have met with continued success. The Alaska Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Enforcement (ABADE) with the U.S. Postal Service did cross-deputize ABADE investigators as postal inspectors in FY2007.

During the 2006-2007 school year, 64 Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) officers from 18 police agencies taught D.A.R.E. curricula to 8,074 students in 59 elementary, middle, and high schools throughout the state. AST manages and coordinates D.A.R.E. efforts for the benefit of many other law enforcement agencies and school districts. During October 2006, a two-day in-service was held to provide ongoing training for D.A.R.E. officers. In February 2007, 15 new D.A.R.E. officers graduated from the two-week D.A.R.E. Officer Training. The D.A.R.E. program continues to grow, reaching six percent of Alaskan students and is in 26 percent of Alaska's school districts. There was a 23 percent increase in D.A.R.E. officers statewide, an 11 percent increase in D.A.R.E. police agencies, and an 82 percent increase in communities that have adopted the D.A.R.E. program.

Domestic Violence Investigation Training – With the use of grant funds from the Office on Violence Against Women (OVW), AST has provided domestic violence and sex crimes investigation training to troopers, municipal law enforcement officers, VPSOs and VPOs, as well as medical providers, victim advocates, and prosecutors. This training consists of in-service training, academy level training, and advanced or specialized training. Examples of topics covered at advanced level training included principal physical aggressor assessments, child witness to domestic violence, stalking, sex offender behavior, male sexual assault survivors, secondary trauma, and death investigations. AST was also a partner in a statewide conference on human trafficking. AST continues their commitment to bringing training and equipment to rural Alaska, municipal police departments, and to the division's detachments. Examples of this include AST-sponsored Sexual Assault Response Team (SART) training courses in Nome, Juneau, and Anchorage. AST purchased equipment to upgrade interview rooms in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Palmer, and Soldotna. All interview rooms now have digital recording capabilities. AST continued their on-going collaborative research project with the University of Alaska, Anchorage's Justice Center. The project is a trend analysis of AST's domestic violence sex crime and stalking

investigations. The report on stalking cases has been completed and published. The report regarding AST calendar year (CY) 2003 and 2004 sex crimes cases and domestic violence assault cases should be completed by November 2007. AST and UAA will present the findings of the studies at the National Institute of Justice Conference.

In-Service Training – During FY2007, troopers and court service officers completed the second phase of a planned two-year training cycle. This in-service cycle is being taught exclusively at the DPS Training Academy, and capitalizes on bringing trainers and students together in a focused environment designed exclusively for law enforcement training. Troopers and court service officers have used the academy's judgmental force simulator, which places trainees in challenging, highly realistic confrontations, and forces them to make time pressured use of force decisions. Using the academy as the training location also leverages the skills and expertise that are resident among the staff and permits higher levels of instructor to student interaction.

Rural Enforcement – State troopers provided the following contacts and support for rural enforcement officers: 1,288 Village Public Safety Officer (VPSO) visits and 2,732 hours of training.

State Trooper / Aircraft Pilot Training Program – This program continues to be an unqualified success. Funding was first appropriated in FY2006 to expand the Department of Public Safety's aircraft operator training program to aid in recruitment and retention efforts. The original concept was to fill the department's critical need for trooper pilots to provide the most efficient and effective response to criminal activity and search and rescue in Alaska's rural areas. The primary focus continues to be on selecting seasoned troopers who have no flight experience for attendance at ground school and flight training and to ultimately qualify as state pilots. This program also targets troopers that may have some flight skills and experience, but need additional training and flight time to become proficient in flying state aircraft.

Recruitment – Migration to Workplace Alaska was completed and has helped streamline the recruitment process. Unsuitable applicants are screened out of the process reducing the hours spent by the staff determining eligibility. Workplace Alaska provides an integrated reporting system that helps the staff determine where applicants learn about the postings, where they fall out of the process, and Workplace has served as an additional recruitment tool. The recruitment unit has effectively spent funds for advertising and the unit's "hands on recruitment approach" with potential applicants resulted in 30 recruits reporting to the Academy in Sitka for the fall 2007 session; the largest number of recruits in the past three years. The recruitment unit has been extremely active with job fairs, advertising, follow-up with potential applicants, and keeping the recruitment website current and active.

Special Events – During the past year, all detachments have conducted several special patrol activities. Those activities include: construction zone patrols for the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities; Big Lake boat patrols with the U.S. Coast Guard; an extensive seatbelt enforcement program; increased patrols for the Talkeetna and Anderson Bluegrass Festivals, the Arctic Man snow machine races near Paxson, Seward's Mt. Marathon foot race, Girdwood's Forest Fair, and the Palmer State Fair; high school graduation parties in the major cities; traffic enforcement while fire fighters worked on the forest fires along the Alaska Highway; and a multi-agency spring bear hunting enforcement program throughout southeast Alaska.

Statutory and Regulatory Authority

DPS-Powers and duties of department (AS 44.41.020)
State Troopers (AS 18.65.010 - AS 18.65.110)
Police Protection (AS 18.65.010 - AS 18.65.790)
Law enforcement duties (AS 18.65.010 - AS 18.65.086)
Controlled Substances (AS 11.71.010 - AS 11.71.900)
Judicial Services (AS 22.20.100 - AS 22.20.140)
Prisoner Transportation (AS 33.30.071 and AS 33.30.081)
Search & Rescue (AS 18.60.120 - AS 18.60.175)
Village Public Safety Officer Definition (AS 01.10.060(c)(7)(C))
VPSO Program (AS 18.65.670)
VPSO Regulations (13 AAC 96.010-900)
Concealed Handgun Permits (AS 18.65.700)
Security Guard Licensing (AS 18.65.400 - AS 18.65.410)
Sex Offender Registration (AS 12.63.010 - AS 12.63.100)
Central Registry of Sex Offenders (AS 18.65.087)
Department to assist other agencies (AS 18.65.090)
Document and disseminate information regarding homicides (AS 44.41.040)

Document and investigate missing persons (AS 18.65.610)
Investigate fires resulting from crimes (AS 18.70.030)
Investigate sexual assault and child exploitation (AS 18.65.086)
DUI Forfeiture Requirements (AS 28.35.036-.037)
DPS DNA collection and registration requirements (AS 44.41.035)
Duty of Law Enforcement to Provide VCCB information (AS 18.67.175)
Rights of Crime Victims to be notified orally and in writing by Law Enforcement (AS 12.61.010)
Aeronautics (AS 02)
Criminal (AS 11)
Environment (AS 46)
Fish & Game (AS 16)
Fish & Game (5 AAC)
Guide/Outfitting (12 AAC)
Guide/Outfitting (AS 08)
Health & Safety (AS 18)
Limited Entry (20 AAC)
State Government (AS 44)
Training (13 AAC 85)
Training (AS 44.41.020(a))

Contact Information
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**Alaska State Trooper Detachments
Component Financial Summary**

All dollars shown in thousands

	FY2007 Actuals	FY2008 Management Plan	FY2009 Governor
Non-Formula Program:			
Component Expenditures:			
71000 Personal Services	34,518.0	31,962.2	32,536.8
72000 Travel	2,421.9	1,502.7	2,084.3
73000 Services	10,344.6	8,556.3	9,017.0
74000 Commodities	1,130.8	700.9	709.9
75000 Capital Outlay	115.9	124.7	217.9
77000 Grants, Benefits	0.0	0.0	0.0
78000 Miscellaneous	0.0	0.0	0.0
Expenditure Totals	48,531.2	42,846.8	44,565.9
Funding Sources:			
1004 General Fund Receipts	47,644.7	42,210.0	43,929.1
1007 Inter-Agency Receipts	176.0	219.9	219.9
1055 Inter-agency/Oil & Hazardous Waste	49.0	49.0	49.0
1061 Capital Improvement Project Receipts	661.5	367.9	367.9
Funding Totals	48,531.2	42,846.8	44,565.9

Estimated Revenue Collections

Description	Master Revenue Account	FY2007 Actuals	FY2008 Management Plan	FY2009 Governor
Unrestricted Revenues				
None.		0.0	0.0	0.0
Unrestricted Total		0.0	0.0	0.0
Restricted Revenues				
Interagency Receipts	51015	176.0	219.9	219.9
Capital Improvement Project Receipts	51200	661.5	367.9	367.9
Interagency Recs./Oil & Hazardous Waste	51395	49.0	49.0	49.0
Restricted Total		886.5	636.8	636.8
Total Estimated Revenues		886.5	636.8	636.8

**Summary of Component Budget Changes
From FY2008 Management Plan to FY2009 Governor**

All dollars shown in thousands

	<u>General Funds</u>	<u>Federal Funds</u>	<u>Other Funds</u>	<u>Total Funds</u>
FY2008 Management Plan	42,210.0	0.0	636.8	42,846.8
Adjustments which will continue current level of service:				
-ETS Chargeback Redistribution	28.7	0.0	0.0	28.7
-Technical Adjustment PCN12-1763 Admin Clerk II Transfer	53.8	0.0	0.0	53.8
-Technical Adjustment for Vacancy Factor	121.5	0.0	0.0	121.5
-Transfer DOA/DOP Lease Cost to Admin Services	-23.5	0.0	0.0	-23.5
-Transfer Academy Corporal Positions to Training Academy	-566.4	0.0	0.0	-566.4
-Delete one-time-authorization for First FY2008 Fuel/Utility Cost Increase Funding Distribution	-29.3	0.0	0.0	-29.3
-Correct Unrealizeable Fund Sources for Salary Adjustments: GGU	11.6	0.0	-11.6	0.0
-FY 09 Health Insurance Increases for Exempt Employees	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
-FY 09 Bargaining Unit Contract Terms: General Government Unit	319.4	0.0	11.6	331.0
-FY 09 Bargaining Unit Contract Terms: Labor Trades and Crafts Unit	4.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
Proposed budget increases:				
-Increased Costs for Dispatch Services	420.3	0.0	0.0	420.3
-Increased Trooper Move Costs	425.0	0.0	0.0	425.0
-Increased Fuel / Utility Costs	164.9	0.0	0.0	164.9
-Increased Vehicle Costs	113.9	0.0	0.0	113.9
-Enhanced Training	192.3	0.0	0.0	192.3
-Two New Administrative Investigator Positions	422.2	0.0	0.0	422.2
-Increased Lease Costs	60.6	0.0	0.0	60.6
FY2009 Governor	43,929.1	0.0	636.8	44,565.9

**Alaska State Trooper Detachments
Personal Services Information**

Authorized Positions		Personal Services Costs		
<u>FY2008</u>				
<u>Management</u>	<u>Plan</u>	<u>FY2009</u>	<u>Governor</u>	
Full-time	304	303	Annual Salaries	18,383,578
Part-time	0	0	COLA	323,513
Nonpermanent	1	1	Premium Pay	3,503,736
			Annual Benefits	11,332,362
			<i>Less 6.99% Vacancy Factor</i>	(2,345,189)
			Lump Sum Premium Pay	1,338,800
Totals	305	304	Total Personal Services	32,536,800

Position Classification Summary

Job Class Title	Anchorage	Fairbanks	Juneau	Others	Total
Accounting Clerk I	1	0	0	0	1
Administrative Assistant	1	1	0	1	3
Administrative Clerk II	5	4	0	13	22
Administrative Clerk III	1	2	0	14	17
Administrative Manager I	1	0	0	0	1
Administrative Supervisor	1	0	0	2	3
Captain, AK State Troopers	2	1	0	3	6
Comm Center Supvr, PS	1	1	0	0	2
Corporal PS	1	0	0	0	1
Criminal Justice Technician I	2	0	0	0	2
Emergency Management Spec II	1	0	0	0	1
Enviro Services Journey II	0	2	0	0	2
Information Officer II	2	0	0	0	2
Lieutenant, AK State Troopers	6	2	0	5	13
Mail Svcs Courier	1	0	0	0	1
Maint Gen Journey	0	1	0	0	1
Major, AK State Troopers	2	0	0	0	2
Procurement Spec I	1	0	0	0	1
Radio Dispatcher I	0	0	0	1	1
Radio Dispatcher II	0	12	1	16	29
Radio Dispatcher III	0	3	0	3	6
Sergeant PS	1	5	1	23	30
State Trooper	7	25	4	119	155
Visual Info Spec	2	0	0	0	2
Totals	39	59	6	200	304